SedonaOffice

13TH ANNUAL USERS CONFERENCE

January 12-14, 2015 | Coronado Bay, CA

Financial Reporting Using Microsoft Excel

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Financial Reporting Overview

Balance sheets, income statements and other financial statements are essential for understanding a company's financial status and performance. This guide illustrates the steps for creating different types of financial statements using the general ledger data from SedonaOffice.

Reporting Periods

The reports created using the tools described herein are period end reports. Reports can be run for a complete year, year-to-date, quarterly or monthly periods. They are not meant to be used for mid-month, weekly or daily financial reports.

Microsoft Excel

All the reports as reviewed within this guide are created using Microsoft Excel. For purposes of this guide Microsoft Excel 2007 has been used. Excel 2007 or higher is highly recommended as it has expanded capabilities to handle over one million rows of data.



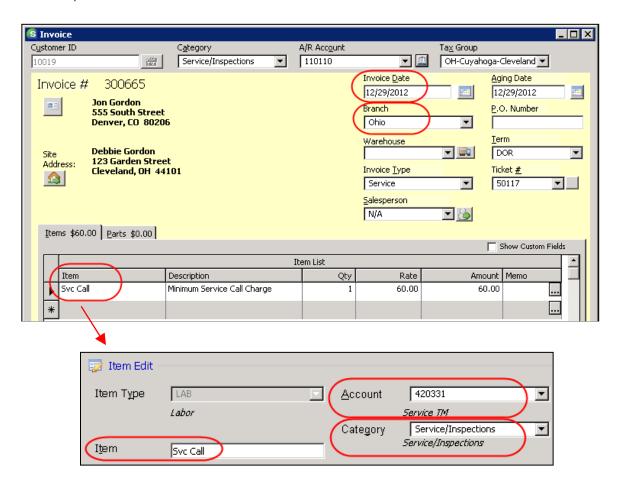
SedonaOffice General Ledger Structure

Before we begin, let's review the SedonaOffice General Ledger Structure. Understanding of this and how transactions are created in SedonaOffice is essential to create useful financial reports.

Let's start off by looking at the creation of a general ledger transaction. Remember there are many different ways a general ledger transaction is created in SedonaOffice, but each has the same characteristics upon completion.

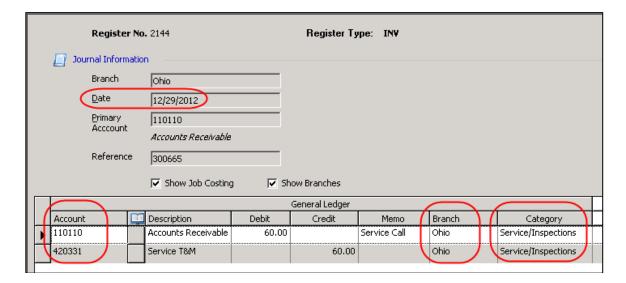
Invoice Example

This is a simple service invoice.



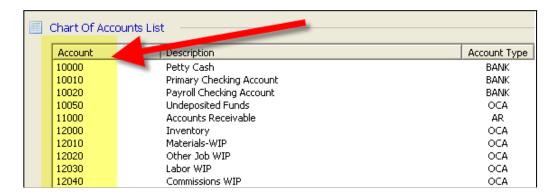


Below is the journal information for the invoice created.



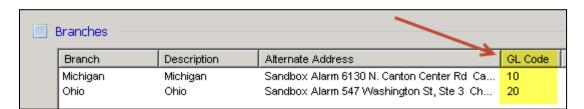
General Ledger Account Code

The first segment of each transaction is the GL Account. The collection of GL accounts within your accounting system is called the Chart of Accounts.



Branch Code

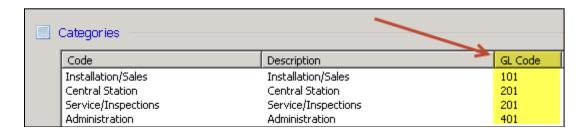
The next segment to a transaction is the Branch GL Code. This code is setup in the Branch setup in SedonaOffice. Each Branch requires a unique GL Code (including any inactive Branches).





Category Code

The third segment is the Category GL Code. This code is setup in the Category setup in SedonaOffice. Each Category requires a unique GL Code (including any inactive Branches).



Fiscal Year

The fourth element of each transaction is the fiscal year. This is automatically set based on the posting period for the entry.

Monthly Period

The last element of the general ledger transaction is the monthly period. This is automatically set based on the posting period for the entry.

GL Mask

The GL Mask is the complete set of GL Data created for each line in a transaction. The GL Mask is made up of 5 parts:

The separator used by SedonaOffice is a '-' (dash). Therefore it is highly recommended you do not use a dash in any of your GL Codes.

In the invoice example above we have three lines of GL Data. Here is the complete GL Code for each line.

1) Debit to Accounts Receivable 11000-20-000-2007-12

2) Credit to Income 40010-20-101-2007-12

3) Credit to Sales Tax Liability 24030-20-000-2007-12

NOTE: The Category GL Code for balance sheet accounts is always all zeros. In this case it is '000'.



Extracting the GL Data from SedonaOffice to Excel

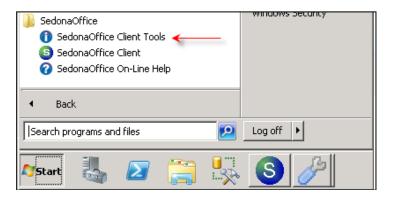
GL data must be extracted from SedonaOffice for use in building financial reports in Excel. But don't worry; this is an easy process using the tools provided by SedonaOffice.

The GL Summary Table

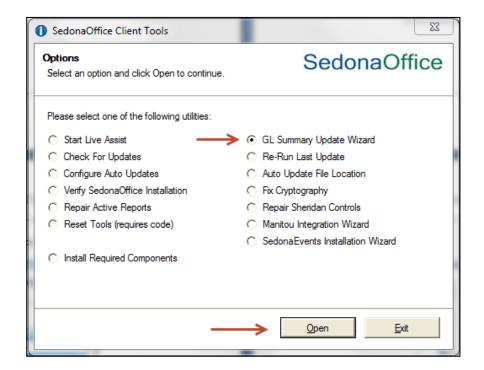
The GL Summary Table resides in your SedonaOffice database and is the data source for your Excel-based financial statements. Refreshing the table can take up to 20 minutes depending on the size of your database, but should be much less for properly configured servers.

GL Summary Update Wizard

Select the SedonaOffice Client Tools to begin the process of updating the GL Data.

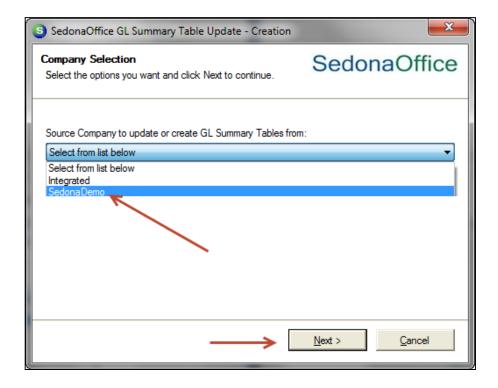


Select the GL Summary Update Wizard option then press Open.

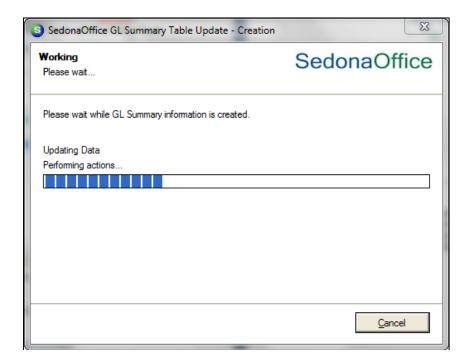




Choose the SedonaOffice database to update then press Next.

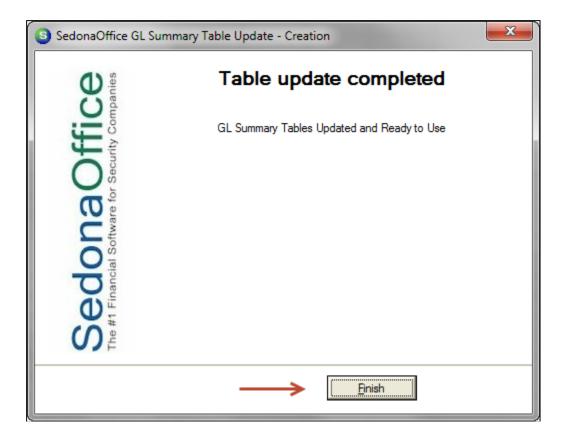


Wait for the process to finish; it can take up to 20 minutes based on the size of your database and configuration of your server.





Then press Finish.

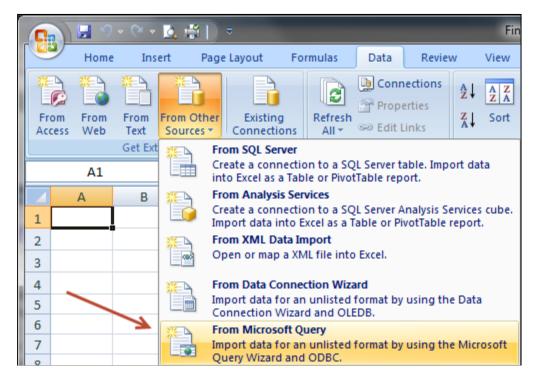


NOTE: You must run the GL Summary Update Wizard to update the GL Summary Table to reflect any modifications to the GL Data in SedonaOffice. Consequently, you may run the process several times during your month-end closing process as you make adjustments in SedonaOffice and create your financial statements.

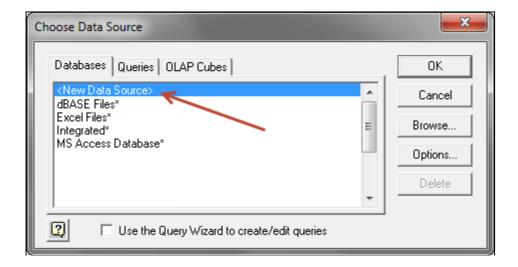


Importing the SedonaOffice GL Data into Excel

Let's now review how to import the GL Data into Microsoft Excel. In this example we are going to use the feature in Excel to Query an External Data Source using Microsoft Query. This feature is available in most recent versions of Excel.



If you have not already done so, you will need to create a Data Source connection to your SedonaOffice database.



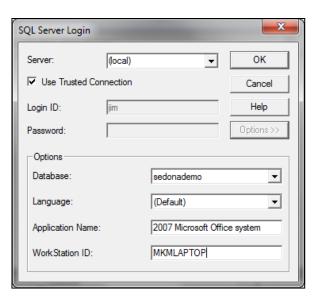


To create the new Data Source:

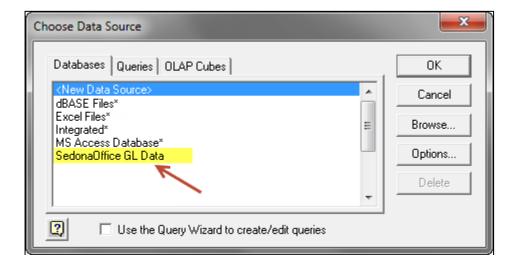
- 1. Name the data source appropriately
- 2. Select 'SQL Server' as the driver to connect to the database
- 3. Press the Connect button
 - a) On the SQL Server Login Screen select the name of the SQL Server for SedonaOffice
 - b) Use "SedonaReports" as the Login ID, no password is needed
 - c) Select the Options tab and select the name of your production SedonaOffice database

1) Press OK



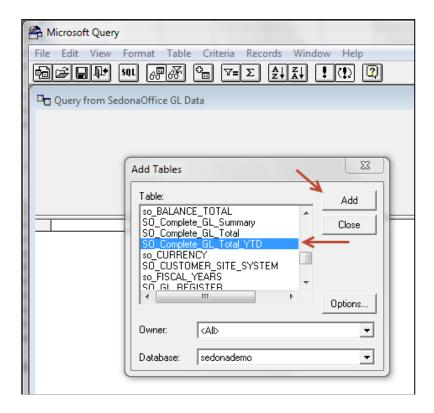


Select the data source you just created to create the Query. Uncheck the 'Use the Query Wizard..." this will take you directly to Microsoft Query to create the Query.

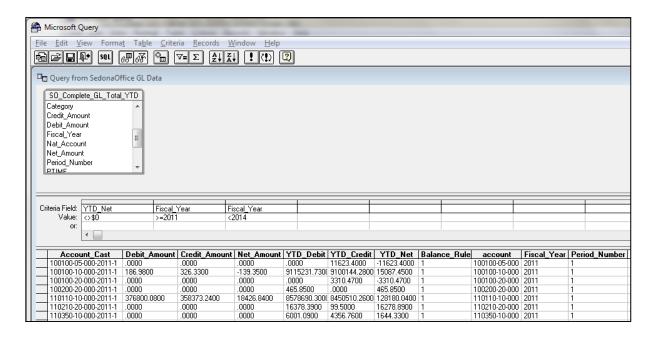




Select the "SO Complete GL Total YTD" table to use in the Query. Then click Close.



Next, select the data fields and criteria for the data to be returned. Select all the data elements in the Table. While it doesn't really matter what order to display the data fields, using the order as shown below will be more logical when viewed with Excel.



Since this table can contain thousands if not hundreds of thousands of records, it is best to use some criteria to limit the data that returns.

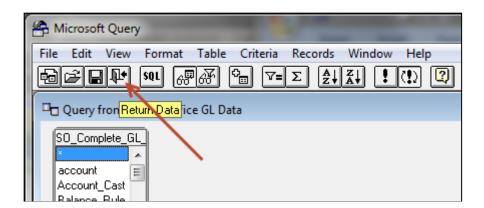
Criteria Selections:

- 1. YTD Net <> \$0 By selecting this option only data with values will be returned.
- 2. Fiscal Year >= 2011 In this case only years 2011, 2012 and 2013 are needed so limit the data to only these fiscal years.
- 3. Fiscal Year < 2014 In this case since 2014 has been created we can remove these entries since were still reporting on 2013.
- 4. Net_Amount <>\$0 This is included as an 'OR' selection. This is necessary to return the Retained Earnings account (more on this later).



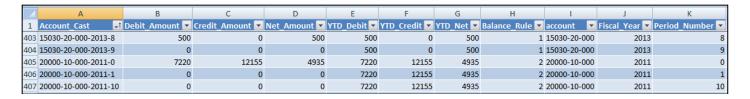


Now that we have completed the Query, click the Return Data icon, and the GL Data will be returned to Excel.



Understanding the GL Data

Now that the GL Data has been retrieved, let's take a close look at what we have.



GL Data Elements

- Account_Cast The Account_Cast is the complete GL Mask that includes the GL Account Code, Branch, Category, Fiscal Year and Period. There is one unique Account_Cast for each accounting period of the unique combination of GL Code, Branch and Category.
- **Debit_Amount** The Debit_Amount is the current period debit total for all transactions with this Account_Cast.
- **Credit_Amount** The Credit_Amount is the current period credit total for all transactions with this Account_Cast.
- **Net_Amount** The Net_Amount is the current period net balance based on the Balance_Rule for the GL Account.
- YTD_Debit The YTD_Debit is the running balance of the YTD Debits for the Account_Cast.
- YTD_Credit The YTD_Credit is the running balance of the YTD Credits for the Account_Cast.
- YTD_Net The YTD_Net is the running YTD total for the GL Account based on the Balance_Rule.
- Balance_Rule The Balance_Rule specifies if the GL Account is a debit or credit balance
 account.
 - o 1 = Debit Balance The Net amounts are calculated as Debit Credit
 - o 2 = Credit Balance The Net amounts are calculated as Credit Debit



The Zero (0) Period – Balance Sheet Accounts Only

Balance sheet accounts will contain a 0 (zero) period which is the YTD carry forward from the previous fiscal year.

Income Statement GL Accounts do not have a 0 (zero) period as each new fiscal year these accounts begin accumulating new.

Retained Earnings Account

The Retained Earnings account's GL Data is carried forward in the 0 (zero) period record only, and the carry forward retained earnings is in the Net_Amount bucket. You'll need to remember this when you put together your balance sheet.

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1	Account_Cast 🔯	Debit_Amount	Credit_Amount	Net_Amount	YTD_Debit	YTD_Credit 💌	YTD_Net
495	30900-10-000-2011-0	13909.18	814747	800837.82	0	0	0
496	30900-10-000-2012-0	0	2856	2856	0	0	0
600	30900-10-000-2013-0	0	2856	2856	0	0	0



GL Account, Branch and Category Codes

Before we begin creating the financial statements, let's discuss the things you need to consider when building your GL Codes.

When creating your codes you will want to use a numbering sequence that is logical to the way you want to present your financial reports. Let's review a few examples.

Let's say you have 3 different bank accounts; the checking account, the payroll account and a savings account. When you prepare your balance sheet you may want to display each account on the report or you may want to consolidate the three accounts into one.

For our example we want to consolidate them. So we'll give them the following GL Account Codes:

- 10010 Checking Account
- 10020 Payroll Account
- 10030 Savings Account

With this numbering scheme each of the bank accounts begins with a '100'. This will allow us to select all the bank accounts by selecting a mask of '100*' when selecting the bank accounts. (We'll review this further when we build the reports)

You can use this same numbering scheme for all the different GL Codes as well as for Branches and Categories.

NOTE: Setting up the proper GL Codes is essential to creating your financial statements.



Excel Commands

Here are the Excel commands needed to build the financial reports.

Concatenate

The Concatenate command is necessary to build the GL Mask for the selection of data to report on. The purpose of the Concatenate command is to join several text strings into one text string.

Syntax

CONCATENATE (text1,text2,...)

Text1, text2, ... are 2 to 255 text items to be joined into a single text item. The text items can be text strings, numbers, or single-cell references.

Remarks

You can also use the ampersand (&) calculation operator instead of the CONCATENATE function to join text items. For example, =A1&B1 returns the same value as =CONCATENATE(A1,B1).

Sumif

The Sumif command is used to bring back the data based on the results of the Concatenate value created. The Sumif command is used to add (sum) cells based on a given condition.

Syntax

SUMIF(range,criteria,sum_range)

Range is the range of cells that you want evaluated by criteria. Cells in each range must be numbers or names, arrays, or references that contain numbers. Blank and text values are ignored.

Criteria is the criteria in the form of a number, expression, or text that defines which cells will be added. For example, criteria can be expressed as 32, "32", ">32", or "apples".

Sum_range are the actual cells to add if their corresponding cells in range match criteria. If sum_range is omitted, the cells in range are both evaluated by criteria and added if they match criteria.



Setting up your "Template" Excel Spreadsheet

The financial statement spreadsheet you build is really a template in that you will be able to use the same spreadsheet month after month. You simply refresh the GL Data and modify a few variables to produce your financial reports for a specific month. Like any spreadsheet, be sure to create a back-up copy each time you make modifications to the template.

The Variables Tab

In the sample below are a set of Variables that will be used for the financial statements. Some of these variables are fixed while others will need to be updated each month. As we build the financial statements you will see how the data is used.

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G
1							
3							
4							
5			Company	Name			Sandbox Alarm Company
6			Current F	iscal Year			2013
7			Previous	Fiscal Year			2012
8			Current A	ccounting	Period		12
9			Current N	Ionth Nam	ie		December
10							
11							
12					E	Branches	S
14		*	All Branch	nes			*
15		10	Michigan	Branch			10
16		20	Ohio Bran	nch			20
17							
18							
19					C	ategorie	es es
21		*	All Catego	ories			*
22		101	Installatio	on/Sales			101
23		201	Central St	ation			201
24		301	Service/Ir	nspections			301
25		401	Administ	ration			401



Creating a Simple Income Statement

Let's start out by creating a very simple income statement.

1	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	I	J	K
1										
2										
3					Sandbox Alarm Co	ompan	y			
4					INCOME STATE	MENT				
6					For the period ending: De	cember	, 2013			
7	GL MASK							MTD		DATA SELECTION
8			Re	ve	nues:					
10	400*			Ins	stallation Sales			964,462.69		400*-*-*-2013-12

Report Header

For the header we start off with the company name. In this case we use the following command. This command returns the value from the Variables tab that contains the company name.

=Variables!G5

For the title of the income statement, we typed in "INCOME STATEMENT"
For the period ending line, we use the following command, which brings in the month and year
from the Variables tab.

="For the period ending: "&Variables!G9&", "&Variables!G6

Report Data

In this example we are going to break our income into four different lines. For this example we are going to mask the lines of data using a GL Mask.

GL Mask

Let's review how we retrieve and format a row of data. The first row of data is the installation revenue. In this example all the installation revenue GL Codes have been mapped to begin with "400", therefore to return all the GL Data with these values we select a GL Mask of "400*"

Data Selection

The next key element to return the correct GL Data is the Data Selection. The Data Selection is a mapping of the "GL Code – Branch – Category – Fiscal Year – Period". In the example for the first row of GL Data to create a Data Selection to return the installation sales we build the data using this command.

=\$B10&"-"&Variables!\$G\$14&"-"&Variables!\$G\$21&"-"&Variables!\$G\$6&"-"&Variables!\$G\$8



In this example:

The GL Code is returned from the cell "B10", which contains the installation revenue GL Mask. "400*"

The Branch returns the "All Branches" variable from the Variables tab. "*"

The Category returns the "All Categories" variable from the Variables tab. "*"

The Fiscal Year returns the Current Fiscal Year variable from the Variables tab. "2013"

The Period returns the Current Accounting Period variable from the Variables tab. "12"

Between each variable a "-" is used in the command to separate each element. The end result of the command is: 400*-*-*-2013-12

GL Data

The last command we need to know is the SUMIF, which will be used to bring back the results from our Data Selection.

For the first line of data for the installation sales, we use the following SUMIF command:

=SUMIF('GL Data'!A:A,K10,'GL Data'!D:D)

Here's how this command brings back the installation sales.

The first variable is the data to look for in the GL Data tab, here we have selected the entire Column A.

The next variable is the data to compare on, for this transaction we are using the GL Data we mapped for the installation sales.

The last variable is the data to SUM when a match is found. Since this is a monthly report, we will select the Monthly Net Amount which is contained in Column D.

The subset of data below from the GL Data tab represents the data that matched the criteria for the installation sales. All the amounts in Column D were summed to return the total installation sales for the month.



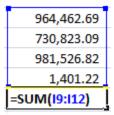
	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	Account_Cast 🔟	Debit_Amount 💌	Credit_Amount	Net_Amount 🔽	YTD_Debit	YTD_Credit 🔽	YTD_Net
823	400 <mark>00-10-101-2013-12</mark>	0	181058	181058	0	181058	181058
824	400 <mark>00-20-101-2013-12</mark>	25	41523.22	41498.22	25	403839.22	403814.22
829	400 <mark>10-10-101-2013-12</mark>	0	703554	703554	0	738999	738999
834	400 <mark>10-10-301-2013-12</mark>	0	0	0	0	100	100
838	400 <mark>10-20-101-2013-12</mark>	0	37794.25	37794.25	435	1442982.28	1442547.28
843	400 <mark>30-10-201-2013-12</mark>	0	324	324	0	738	738
848	400 <mark>30-20-201-2013-12</mark>	0	234.22	234.22	0	465.89	465.89

Copy and Paste Additional Rows

Creating all the additional rows is very easy. Simply fill in the GL Mask and Description for each row, then Copy and Paste the Data Selection and GL Data formulas (you can also use the Copy Down "CTRL-D" command).

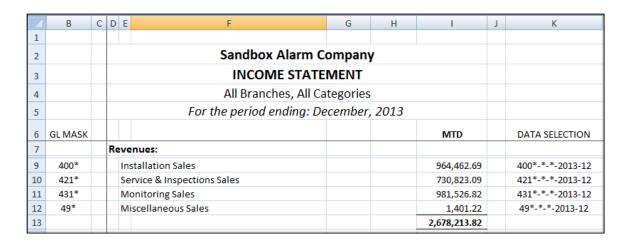
Summing Data and Format

Use the SUM command to add all the revenue lines.



Use the borders feature in Excel to create separation and formatting for the financial statement.

Here is how the top section of our income statement looks with all the Revenue lines.





Here's the completed income statement.

4	В	С	D	E F	G	Н	l l	J	K
1									
2				Sandbox Alarm	Company	V			
3				INCOME STAT		-			
4				All Branches, All C	ategories	S			
5				For the period ending: D					
6	GL MASK						MTD		DATA SELECTION
7			Re	venues:					
9	400*			Installation Sales			964.462.69		400*-*-*-2013-12
10	421*			Service & Inspections Sales			730,823.09		421*-*-*-2013-12
11	431*			Monitoring Sales			981,526.82		431*-*-*-2013-12
12	49*			Miscellaneous Sales			1,401.22		49*-*-*-2013-12
13							2,678,213.82		.5 2010 12
15			Co	est of Goods Sold:			_,,		
17	500*		_	Installation Materials			278,811.60		500*-*-*-2013-12
18	510*			Installation Labor			169,876.58		510*-*-*-2013-12
19	521*			Service Materials			154,752.33		521*-*-*-2013-12
20	520*			Service Materials Service Labor			112,337.55		520*-*-*-2013-12
21	320			Service Labor			715,778.06		320 2013-12
				C					
23				Gross Profit			1,962,435.76		
25			Ex	penses					
27	60100			Salaries			940,085.35		60100-*-*-2013-12
28	60125			Commissions			7,862.22		60125-*-*-2013-12
29	60010			Advertising			92,924.33		60010-*-*-2013-12
30	609*			Postage & Delivery			219.35		609*-*-*-2013-12
31	61*			Vehicles			85,523.99		61*-*-*-2013-12
32	62*			Bank Fees			750.00		62*-*-*-2013-12
33	65*			Employee Benefits			63,684.00		65*-*-*-2013-12
34	71*			Office Expenses			6,688.00		71*-*-*-2013-12
35	78*			Phone & Internet			5,700.00		78*-*-*-2013-12
36							1,203,437.24		
38				Net Ordinary Income			758,998.52		
40			Ot	her Income (Expense):					
42	80005			Interest Income			145,255.74		80005-*-*-2013-12
43	80110			Allowance for Income Taxes			36,000.00		80110-*-*-2013-12
45				Net Profit			868,254.26		
							, ,120		



Setting the Print Area

Set a Print Area in the Excel spreadsheet to not include the GL Mask and Data Selection and you end up with a very nice looking income statement.

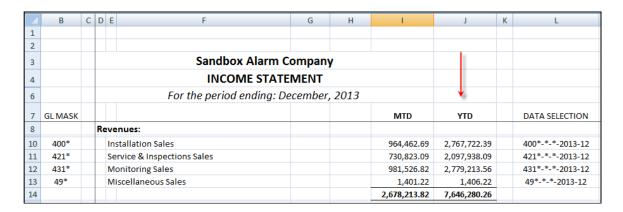
Sandbox Alarm Company INCOME STATEMENT

	MTD
Revenues:	
Installation Sales	964,462.69
Service & Inspections Sales	730,823.09
Monitoring Sales	981,526.82
Miscellaneous Sales	1,401.22
	2,678,213.82
Cost of Goods Sold:	
Installation Materials	278,811.60
Installation Labor	169,876.58
Service Materials	154,752.33
Service Labor	112,337.55
	715,778.06
Gross Profit	1,962,435.76
Expenses	
Salaries	947,947.57
Advertising	92,924.33
Vehicles	85,523.99
Bank Fees	750.00
Employee Benefits	63,684.00
Insurance	-
Travel	-
Office Expenses	6,688.00
Phone & Internet	5,700.00
Depreciation	-
Miscellaneous	219.35
	1,203,437.24
Net Ordinary Income	758,998.52
Other Income (Expense):	
Discounts	-
Interest Income	145,255.74
Allowance for Income Taxes	36,000.00
Net Profit	868,254.26



Adding a Year-to-Date column to the Income Statement

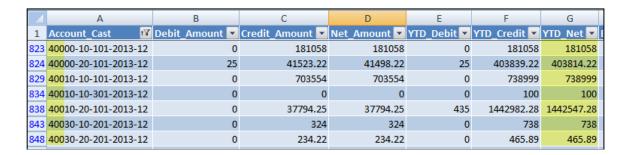
In this example we have added a new column called YTD:



The SUMIF for YTD

All we have to do is modify the SUMIF command to return the data from the YTD_Net column based on using the same Data Selection as used in the monthly financial statement.

=SUMIF('GL Data'!A:A,M12,'GL Data'!G:G)





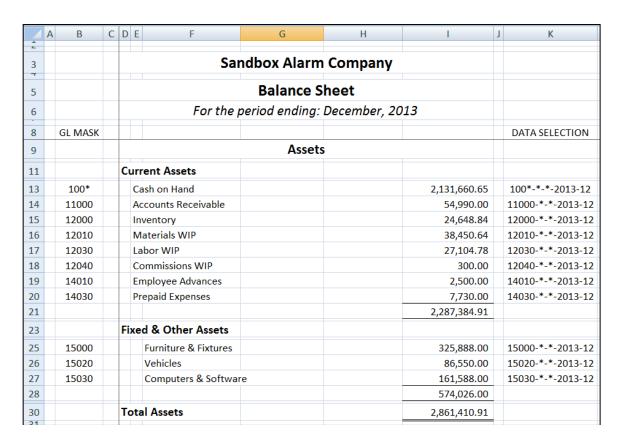
Here's the completed Year to Date income statement.

1						
2						
3		Sandbox Alai	rm Company			
3			• •			
4		INCOME ST	TATEMENT			
6		For the period endin	g: December, 2013			
7	GL MASK			MTD	YTD	DATA SELECTION
8		Revenues:				
10	400*	Installation Sales		964,462.69	2,767,722.39	400*-*-*-2013-12
11	421*	Service & Inspections Sales		730,823.09	2,097,938.09	421*-*-*-2013-12
12	431*	Monitoring Sales		981,526.82	2,779,213.56	431*-*-*-2013-12
13	49*	Miscellaneous Sales		1,401.22	1,406.22	49*-*-*-2013-12
14				2,678,213.82	7,646,280.26	
16		Cost of Goods Sold:				
18	500*	Installation Materials		278,811.60	1,078,601.60	500*-*-*-2013-12
19	510*	Installation Labor		169,876.58	494,878.58	510*-*-*-2013-12
20	521*	Service Materials		154,752.33	453,062.51	521*-*-*-2013-12
21	520*	Service Labor		112,337.55	315,673.55	520*-*-*-2013-12
22				715,778.06	2,342,216.24	
24		Gross Profit		1,962,435.76	5,304,064.02	
26		Expenses				
28	601*	Salaries		947,947.57	3,714,017.27	601*-*-*-2013-12
29	600*	Advertising		92,924.33	272,260.36	600*-*-*-2013-12
30	61*	Vehicles		85,523.99	246,687.99	61*-*-*-2013-12
31	62*	Bank Fees		750.00	750.00	62*-*-*-2013-12
32	65*	Employee Benefits		63,684.00	176,952.00	65*-*-*-2013-12
33	66*	Insurance		-	1,030.30	66*-*-*-2013-12
34	70*	Travel		-	60.00	70*-*-*-2013-12
35	71*	Office Expenses		6,688.00	18,064.00	71*-*-*-2013-12
36	78*	Phone & Internet		5,700.00	5,824.00	78*-*-*-2013-12
37	64*	Depreciation		-	149.00	64*-*-*-2013-12
38	73*	Miscellaneous		219.35	394.35	73*-*-*-2013-12
39				1,203,437.24	4,436,189.27	
41		Net Ordinary Income		758,998.52	867,874.75	
13		Other Income (Expense):				
45	80003	Discounts		-	20.00	80003-*-*-2013-12
46	80005	Interest Income		145,255.74	395,243.74	80005-*-*-2013-12
47	80110	Allowance for Income Taxes		36,000.00	80,000.00	80110-*-*-2013-12
49		Net Profit		868,254.26	1,183,138.49	



Creating a Balance Sheet

In this example we'll create a simple balance sheet. The same rules will apply using the GL Mask, the Data Selection and the SUMIF command.



Retained Earnings Balance

As discussed earlier the Retained Earnings is always stored in the zero accounting period. For this one Data Selection you'll need to change the accounting period to zero. Remember the Retained Earnings amount is stored in the Net_Amount column, so you'll need to adjust the SUMIF command accordingly.





Net Income (Loss) for the Current Fiscal Year

The net income (or loss) for the current fiscal year is not stored in a GL Account, so the easiest way to pick up this value is from the YTD Income Statement created earlier.

='Income Statement YTD'!K98

32		Liabilities &	Equity	
34		Current Liabilities		
36	2000*	Accounts Payable	7,880.00	2000*-*-*-2013-12
37	201*	Unapplied Cash/Credits	1,111.81	201*-*-*-2013-12
38	230*	Sales Tax Payable	29,878.00	230*-*-*-2013-12
39	231*	Accrued Wages	38,464.00	231*-*-*-2013-12
40	240*	Corporate Taxes	2,879.46	240*-*-*-2013-12
41	242*	Current Portion of Notes Payable	85,250.00	242*-*-*-2013-12
42	25*	Deferred Revenues	1,284.15	25*-*-*-2013-12
43			166,747.42	
45		Long Term Liabilities		
46	270*	Notes Payable	1,258,669.00	270*-*-*-2013-12
47			1,258,669.00	
49		Total Liabilities	1,425,416.42	
50				
51		Equity		
53	301*	Paid in Capital	250,000.00	301*-*-*-2013-12
54	30900	Retained Earnings	2,856.00	30900-*-*-2013-0
55		Net Income Current Fiscal Year	1,183,138.49	
56			1,435,994.49	
58		Total Liabilities & Equity	2,861,410.91	

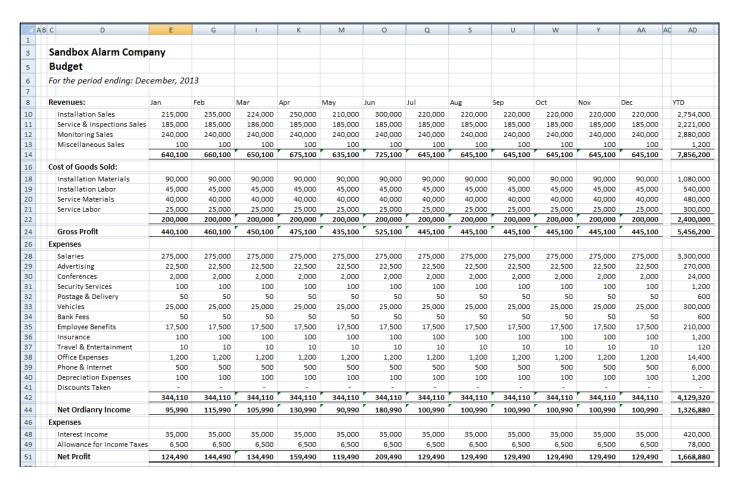
The final Balance Sheet is shown below.

Sandbox Alarm Com	pany
Balance Sheet	
For the period ending: Decem	ber, 2013
Assets	
Current Assets	2 4 24 550 55
Cash on Hand	2,131,660.65
Accounts Receivable Inventory	54,990.00 24,648.84
Materials WIP	38,450.64
Labor WIP	27,104.78
Commissions WIP	300.00
Employee Advances	2,500.00
Prepaid Expenses	7,730.00
ricpau Experses	2,287,384.91
Fixed & Other Assets	2,207,304.31
	225 222 22
Furniture & Fixtures	325,888.00
Vehicles	86,550.00
Computers & Software	161,588.00
	574,026.00
Total Assets	2,861,410.91
Liabilities & Equi	ity
Current Lia bilities	
Accounts Payable	7,880.00
Unapplied Cash/Credits	1,111.81
Sales Tax Payable	29,878.00
Accrued Wages	38,464.00
Corporate Taxes	2,879.46
Current Portion of Notes Payable	85,250.00
Deferred Revenues	1,284.15
	166,747.42
Long Term Liabilities	
Notes Payable	1,258,669.00
	1,258,669.00
Total Liabilities	1,425,416.42
Equity	
Paid in Capital	250,000.00
Retained Earnings	2,856.00
Net Income Current Fiscal Year	1,183,138.49
	1,435,994.49
Total Liabilities & Equity	2,861,410.91

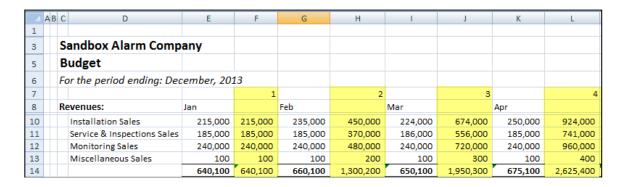


Creating a Budget

When you create a budget you want to use the same format as your Income Statement layout. This is necessary as there should be a direct one-to-one relationship for each line of data on the income statement with a line on the budget.



In the Budget shown above there are some hidden columns which contain the rolling YTD totals by period. We'll need these totals when we create Actual to Budget YTD financials.





Actual to Budget – Income Statement

In this example we can copy the YTD Income Statement to a new worksheet, and then add the Budget and Variance columns.

Month to Date Budget

To get the results for the month-to-date budget use the OFFSET command. The OFFSET command will return a value from the offset of a base cell location (i.e. D10). In this case we offset the value based on the month number setup in the Variables tab (i.e. \$G\$8 = 12) times 2 (i.e. 12*2=24) minus 1 to return column 23 (i.e. \$220,000 is the value in the 23^{rd} column to the right of D10.

=OFFSET(Budget!D10,0,(Variables!\$G\$8*2)-1)

Sandbox Alarm Company Budget For the period ending: December, 2013	
5 Budget 6 For the period ending: December, 2013	
6 For the period ending: December, 2013	
7 44 40	
7 11 12	
8 Revenues: Nov Dec YTD	
10 Installation Sales 220,000 2,534,000 220,000 2,754,000 2,	754,000
11 Service & Inspections Sales 185,000 2,036,000 185,000 2,221,000 2,	221,000
12 Monitoring Sales 240,000 2,640,000 240,000 2,880,000 2,	880,000
13 Miscellaneous Sales 100 1,100 100 1,200	1,200
14 645,100 7,211,100 645,100 7,856,200 7 ,	856,200

Yearly Budget

For the Yearly Budget we must return the value from the Year to Date totals on the Budget. In this case we've used the SUMIES command.

=SUMIFS(Budget!F10:AB10,Budget!\$F\$7:\$AB\$7,Variables!\$G\$8)

	C D	Υ	Z	AA	AB	AC AD
1						
3	Sandbox Alarm Comp	any				
5	Budget					
6	For the period ending: Dec	ember, 201	13			
7			11		12	
8	Revenues:	Nov		Dec		YTD
10	Installation Sales	220,000	2,534,000	220,000	2,754,000	2,754,000
11	Service & Inspections Sales	185,000	2,036,000	185,000	2,221,000	2,221,000
12	Monitoring Sales	240,000	2,640,000	240,000	2,880,000	2,880,000
13	Miscellaneous Sales	100	1,100	100	1,200	1,200
14		645,100	7,211,100	645,100	7,856,200	7,856,200



1	А В (D E	F	G	H I	l K	L	M	0	F Q	R	S
1												
3				San	dbox Alarm	Company						
5			-	ACTUAL TO E	BUDGET - INC	COME STATE	ME	NT				
6				For the pe	eriod ending:	December, 20	13					
7	GL MASK											DATA SELECTION
8		Revenues:		December	Budget	Variance		Dec YTD	Budget	Variance		
10	400*	Installation Sales		964,462.69	220,000.00	744,462.69		2,767,722.39	2,754,000.00	13,722.39		400*-*-*-2013-12
11	421*	Service & Inspections Sales		730,823.09	185,000.00	545,823.09		2,097,938.09	2,221,000.00	(123,061.91)		421*-*-*-2013-12
12	431*	Monitoring Sales		981,526.82	240,000.00	741,526.82		2,779,213.56	2,880,000.00	(100,786.44)		431*-*-*-2013-12
13	490*	Miscellaneous Sales		1,401.22	100.00	1,301.22		1,406.22	1,200.00	206.22		490*-*-*-2013-12
14				2,678,213.82	645,100.00	2,033,113.82		7,646,280.26	7,856,200.00	(209,919.74)		
16		Cost of Goods Sold:										
18	500*	Installation Materials		278,811.60	90,000.00	188,811.60		1,078,601.60	1,080,000.00	(1,398.40)		500*-*-*-2013-12
19	510*	Installation Labor		169,876.58	45,000.00	124,876.58		494,878.58	540,000.00	(45,121.42)		510*-*-*-2013-12
20	521*	Service Materials		154,752.33	40,000.00	114,752.33		453,062.51	480,000.00	(26,937.49)		521*-*-*-2013-12
21	520*	Service Labor		112,337.55	25,000.00	87,337.55		315,673.55	300,000.00	15,673.55		520*-*-*-2013-12
22				715,778.06	200,000.00	515,778.06		2,342,216.24	2,400,000.00	(57,783.76)		
24		Gross Profit		1,962,435.76	445,100.00	1,517,335.76		5,304,064.02	5,456,200.00	(152,135.98)		
26		Expenses										
28	601*	Salaries		947,947.57	275,000.00	672,947.57		3,714,017.27	3,300,000.00	414,017.27		601*-*-*-2013-12
29	600*	Advertising		92,924.33	22,500.00	70,424.33		272,260.36	270,000.00	2,260.36		600*-*-*-2013-12
30	61*	Vehicles		85,523.99	25,000.00	60,523.99		246,687.99	300,000.00	(53,312.01)		61*-*-*-2013-12
31	62*	Bank Fees		750.00	50.00	700.00		750.00	600.00	150.00		62*-*-*-2013-12
32	65*	Employee Benefits		63,684.00	17,500.00	46,184.00		176,952.00	210,000.00	(33,048.00)		65*-*-*-2013-12
33	66*	Insurance		-	100.00	(100.00)		1,030.30	1,200.00	(169.70)		66*-*-*-2013-12
34	70*	Travel & Entertainment		-	10.00	(10.00)		60.00	120.00	(60.00)		70*-*-*-2013-12
35	71*	Office Expenses		6,688.00	1,200.00	5,488.00		18,064.00	14,400.00	3,664.00		71*-*-*-2013-12
36	78*	Phone & Internet		5,700.00	500.00	5,200.00		5,824.00	6,000.00	(176.00)		78*-*-*-2013-12
37	64*	Depreciation		-	100.00	(100.00)		149.00	1,200.00	(1,051.00)		64*-*-*-2013-12
38	73*	Miscellaneous		219.35	100.00	119.35		394.35	1,200.00	(805.65)		73*-*-*-2013-12
39				1,203,437.24	342,060.00	861,377.24		4,436,189.27	4,104,720.00	331,469.27		
41		Net Ordianry Income		758,998.52	103,040.00	655,958.52		867,874.75	1,351,480.00	(483,605.25)		
43		Other Income (Expense):										
45	80003	Discounts Taken		-	-	-		20.00	-	20.00		80003-*-*-2013-12
46	80005	Interest Income		145,255.74	35,000.00	110,255.74		395,243.74	420,000.00	(24,756.26)		80005-*-*-2013-12
47	801*	Allowance for Income Taxes		36,000.00	6,500.00	29,500.00		80,000.00	78,000.00	2,000.00		801*-*-*-2013-12
49		Net Profit		868,254.26	131,540.00	736,714.26		1,183,138.49	1,693,480.00	(510,341.51)		



Branch Level Income Statement

Here's an example of introducing the Branch level into our financial reporting. In this example we've broken down the income statement at the Branch level, creating a Monthly and YTD income statement for our two Branches.

	А В	C D	E	F G H	1	J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R
1														
2														
3			Sandbox Alarn	n Company				* Compares cur	ren	t month and year	-to-	date		
4														
5			INCOME STA	TEMENT										
6			For the period ending.	December, 20	013							ОН		MI
7	GL MASK				Ohi	o		Mi	chig	gan		DATA SELECTION		DATA SELECTION
8		R	evenues:	Decemb	er	YTD		December		YTD				
10	400*		Installation Sales	884,93	6.00	920,895.00		79,526.69		1,846,827.39		400*-10-*-2013-12		400*-20-*-2013-12
11	421*		Service & Inspections Sales	682,31	3.00	683,184.00		48,510.09		1,414,754.09		421*-10-*-2013-12		421*-20-*-2013-12
12	431*		Monitoring Sales	898,93	1.00	899,231.00		82,595.82		1,879,982.56		431*-10-*-2013-12		431*-20-*-2013-12
13	490*		Miscellaneous Sales			5.00		1,401.22		1,401.22		490*-10-*-2013-12		490*-20-*-2013-12
14				2,466,180	0.00	2,503,315.00		212,033.82		5,142,965.26				
16		С	ost of Goods Sold:											
18	500*		Installation Materials	244,54	5.00	244,783.00		34,266.60		833,818.60		500*-10-*-2013-12		500*-20-*-2013-12
19	510*		Installation Labor	157,74	3.00	162,692.00		12,133.58		332,186.58		510*-10-*-2013-12		510*-20-*-2013-12
20	521*		Service Materials	148,87	8.00	148,907.18		5,874.33		304,155.33		521*-10-*-2013-12		521*-20-*-2013-12
21	520*		Service Labor	98,66	8.00	104,668.00		13,669.55		211,005.55		520*-10-*-2013-12		520*-20-*-2013-12
22				649,834	4.00	661,050.18		65,944.06		1,681,166.06				
24			Gross Profit	1,816,340	5.00	1,842,264.82		146,089.76		3,461,799.20				

NOTE: In this example we need to create two DATA SELECTION statements, one for each Branch.

Sandbox Alarm Company

INCOME STATEMENT

For the period ending: December, 2013									
	Michi	gan							
Revenues:	December	YTD	December	YTD					
Installation Sales	884,936	920,895	79,527	1,846,82					
Service & Inspections Sales	682,313	683,184	48,510	1,414,75					
Monitoring Sales	898,931	899,231	82,596	1,879,98					
Miscellaneous Sales	-	5	1,401	1,40					
	2,466,180	2,503,315	212,034	5,142,96					



Category Level Income Statement

In this example we've created an Income Statement by Department (Category). In the Data Selection we added the Category to select the financial data.

A	В	C D	Е	F	G	H I .	J K	L M I	N O	P Q	R S	Т	U	V	W
1															
2															
3				San	dbox Ala	arm Company									
4															
5	INCOME STATEMENT														
6			Fo	r the pe	eriod endi	ng: December,	2013			Installations	Service	Cen	tral Station		Corporate
7	GL MASK									DATA SELECTION	DATA SELECTION	DATA SE	LECTION		DATA SELECTION
8				Ins	tallations	Service	Central Station	Corporate	Totals						
10	4*	Revenues:		9	994,674.26	718,233.87	-	965,305.69	2,678,213.82	4*-*-201-2013-12	4*-*-301-2013-12	4*-*-40	1-2013-12		4*-*-101-2013-12
12	5*	Cost of Goo	ods Sold:		144.38	267,089.88	180.00	448,363.80	715,778.06	5*-*-201-2013-12	5*-*-301-2013-12	5*-*-40:	1-2013-12		5*-*-101-2013-12
15		Gross Pro	ofit	9	94,529.88	451,143.99	(180.00)	516,941.89	1,962,435.76						

Sandbox Alarm Company

INCOME STATEMENT

For the period ending: December, 2013

	Installations	Service	Central Station	Corporate	Totals
Revenues:	994,674.26	718,233.87	-	965,305.69	2,678,213.82
Cost of Goods Sold:	144.38	267,089.88	180.00	448,363.80	715,778.06
Gross Profit	994,529.88	451,143.99	(180.00)	516,941.89	1,962,435.76
Expenses					
Salaries	313,165.00	174,888.00	264,144.35	187,888.00	940,085.35
Commissions	-	-	-	7,862.22	7,862.22
Advertising	-	-	-	92,924.33	92,924.33
Postage & Delivery	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles	-	57,975.66	-	27,548.33	85,523.99
Bank Fees	-	-	750.00	-	750.00
Employee Benefits	17,369.00	16,338.00	20,577.00	9,400.00	63,684.00
Office Expenses	-	-	6,688.00	-	6,688.00
Phone & Internet	4,500.00	-	1,200.00	-	5,700.00
	335,034.00	249,201.66	293,359.35	325,622.88	1,203,217.89
Net Ordianry Income	659,495.88	201,942.33	(293,539.35)	191,319.01	759,217.87
Other Income (Expense):					
Interest Income	-	-	145,255.74	-	145,255.74
Allowance for Income Taxes	14,000.00	-	22,000.00	-	36,000.00
Net Profit	645,495.88	201,942.33	(170,283.61)	191,319.01	868,473.61

